

16.—Principal Statistics of the Manufacturing Industries classified by Size of Establishment and Type of Ownership, 1959—concluded

Size of Establishment and Type of Ownership	Estab-lish-ments	Em-ployees	Salaries and Wages	Cost of Fuel and Electricity	Cost at Plant of Materials Used	Selling Value of Factory Shipments
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
\$100,000 to \$499,999	8,841	183,208	571,272,016	37,675,548	1,052,371,027	2,051,452,535
Individual ownership	972	12,549	33,442,438	3,116,188	102,925,968	165,555,806
Partnerships	657	11,408	32,952,902	2,338,313	67,712,460	124,857,705
Incorporated companies...	6,643	153,904	490,897,168	30,802,181	788,078,015	1,639,392,573
Co-operatives	468	3,565	8,517,625	1,418,866	83,153,010	100,283,840
Not classifiable ¹	101	1,782	5,461,883	—	10,501,574	21,362,611
\$500,000 or Over	5,716	1,032,088	4,291,848,435	515,877,050	11,198,400,627	20,618,422,054
Individual ownership	43	2,284	7,045,564	431,921	25,845,126	39,403,274
Partnerships	56	3,380	10,447,202	468,927	38,311,630	57,951,213
Incorporated companies...	5,480	1,017,463	4,240,440,144	511,201,849	10,948,863,608	20,243,052,772
Co-operatives	125	6,848	24,704,581	3,774,353	172,465,298	235,977,259
Not classifiable ¹	12	2,113	9,210,944	—	12,914,965	42,037,536
Totals	36,193	1,303,956	5,073,073,706	568,880,162	12,552,200,543	23,311,601,481

¹ See text on p. 636.

Section 3.—Principal Factors in Manufacturing Production

In addition to the factors dealt with in the following Subsections 1 and 2, one of the principal indicators of growth in manufacturing production is the amount paid as salaries and wages to various groups of employees within those industries. Detailed information on employment, earnings and hours is given in the Labour Chapter of this volume, Section 3.

Subsection 1.—Capital and Repair Expenditures

The current series of statistics covering expenditures on fixed capital and repairs by manufacturing industries commences with the year 1944. Capital expenditures by manufacturers in 1959 totalled \$373,900,000 for construction and \$769,900,000 for machinery and equipment; in addition, \$662,500,000 was spent for repairs. Of the total capital expenditures amounting to \$1,143,800,000, 10.6 p.c. was reported by petroleum and coal products, 11.1 p.c. by paper products, 14.5 p.c. by iron and steel products, 11.6 p.c. by foods and beverages and 7.1 p.c. by chemicals and allied products.

On the whole, there was an upturn in capital expenditures in 1959 after the considerable drop experienced in 1958. However, in each of the latest four years capital expenditures have exceeded \$1,000,000,000. There is naturally considerable variation in the amounts spent by the different industrial groups each year. In 1959, nine groups reported capital expenditures of \$50,000,000 or more, compared with seven in 1958. Of the nine, five reported increased expenditures over 1958—foods and beverages, wood products, iron and steel, transportation equipment and non-metallic mineral products. The other four reported decreases ranging from 0.5 p.c. for paper products to 36.8 p.c. for non-ferrous metal products.